## Outline of class $8^{\text {th }}$ (Mathematics)

| TOPIC | LEARNING OUTCOMES | INNOVATIVE / ARTINTEGRATION <br> LEXPERIENTIAL <br> LEARNING / INTER DISCIPLINARY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chapter 1: <br> Rational Numbers | After this Chapter the students will have proper understanding about <br> Whole number, natural number, integers, rational numbers and properties of rational numbers. | Art Integration: <br> Figures and computer. <br> Experiential learning: <br> The students were asked to make colorful charts on properties of rational numbers. Innovative methods: <br> Properties of rational number explained with smart class and crossword puzzle |
| Chapter 2: <br> LINEAR <br> EQUATIONS IN <br> one variable | The main objective of this chapter is that the students will understand the methods to solve various types linear equations and their applications in daily life. | Innovative methods: <br> Students were exposed to smart class module. Students were asked to solve few puzzle activities involving linear equations. <br> Experiential learning: <br> Explanation of <br> algebraic equations <br> Art Integration: <br> Figures and computer. |

## Outline of class $8^{\text {th }}$ (Mathematics)

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Chapter 3: } & \begin{array}{l}\text { The students will understand the concepts related } \\ \text { Understanding } \\ \text { Quadrilateral } \\ \text { 1.Classification of polygons } \\ \text { 2.Interior/ exterior angle sum property of polygons } \\ \text { 3.Various quadrilaterals and their properties }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Art Integration: } \\ \text { Experiential learning: }\end{array} \\ & & \begin{array}{l}\text { Demonstrated angle sum } \\ \text { property of a triangle and a } \\ \text { quadrilateral by using cut } \\ \text { and paste activity. Three } \\ \text { Dimentional figures were } \\ \text { used in the smart class to }\end{array} \\ \text { explain the concept of } \\ \text { polygon( regular, irregular), } \\ \text { parallelogram, rhombus, } \\ \text { quadrilateral, etc }\end{array}\right]$

## Outline of class $8^{\text {th }}$ (Mathematics)



## Outline of class $8^{\text {th }}$ (Mathematics)

| Chapter 6: | Students would be able to: | Innovative methods: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exponents and Powers | 1.Understand power notation as exponential form <br> 2.Express the numbers in exponential form and using scientific notation (standard form) <br> 3.Understand and applying laws of exponent. <br> 4.Express and Comparing. | Quiz and class group activity (Share and pair) activity was performed. Students are asked to compute exponential numbers in their own way and verify the answer using proper method. <br> Art Integration: |
|  |  | Figures and smart class. |
| Chapter 7: <br> Algebraic Expressions and Identities | Students would be able to: <br> 1. Identify the algebraic expressions <br> 2.Solve degree of Polynomials, monomials, Binomials and Polynomials <br> 3.Solve Addition, Subtraction an Multiplication of Algebraic Expressions <br> 4.Learn Standard Identities | Innovative methods: <br> Students were asked to make ppt's in the smart class. Smart class is used by teacher to explain the methods to solve Addition, Subtraction and Multiplication of Algebraic Expressions etc. <br> Art Integration: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Activity1 }(a+b)^{2}=a^{2}+2 a b+b^{2} \\ & \text { Activity2 }(a-b)^{2}=a^{2}-2 a b+b^{2} \\ & \text { Activity3 }(x+a)(x+b)=x^{2}+x(a+b) \\ & +a b . \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Experiential learning: |
|  |  | Student will use the property of triangles to solve geometrical problems thus, develop critical thinking and collaboration in the process. |


| TOPIC | LEARNING OUTCOMES | INNOVATIVE / ART <br> INTEGRATION / <br> EXPERIENTIAL <br> LEARNING / INTER <br> DISCIPLINARY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chapter 8: <br> Cube and Cube Roots | Students would be able to: <br> To understand the meaning of cube and identify the perfect cubes. <br> To know how to verify a give number is a perfect cube or not. <br> To find the cube root of a number by themethod of prime factorization. | Art Integration: <br> To make book mark <br> Experiential Learning <br> To find the cube root by distribution of slips and discuss the answers |
| Chapter 9: <br> Direct \& Inverse Proportion | Students will be able to: <br> The children should be able to verify whetherthe given quantities are in direct proportion <br> They should be able distinguish between thedirect and indirect proportion. | Art Integration: <br> To make a colorful chart on formula of direct and inverse proportion <br> Experiential Learning Give real life examples on direct and inverse proportion. |
| Chapter 10: <br> Factorization | Students will be able to: <br> Understand the concept of factorization (Understanding) <br> Factorize the expression (application) <br> Understand the different method of factorization (Understanding) <br> Factorize the expression by taking the common and rearranging the expression (Understanding) <br> Factorize the expression by using the identities (Applying) | Art Integration: <br> Colorful chart on identities. <br> Experiential learning: <br> dividing a square sheet of side $(a+b)$ in four parts to prove $(a+b)^{2}=a^{2}+b^{2}+2 a b$ |

Outline of class $8^{\text {th }}$ (Mathematics)


## Outline of class $8^{\text {th }}$ (Mathematics)

|  | surface area of a cube $=6 \mathrm{a}^{2}$ <br> Volume $=\mathrm{a} 3$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| To understand the formula for finding the <br> total surface area $2 \pi r(\mathrm{r}+\mathrm{h})$ |  |
| Volume $=\pi r^{2} h$ Volume of cylinder $=$ base <br> area x height $-\pi r 2 h$ |  |

