

16 MARCH 2016

SET-B

**SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - II (2015-16)
SOCIAL SCIENCE
Class - IX**

Time allowed : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 90

General Instructions :

- (i) The question paper has **two sections (Section A and Section B)** with 30 questions in all. All questions are **compulsory**.
- (ii) Marks are indicated against each question.
- (iii) Questions from serial number 1 to 8 are very short answer type questions. Each question carries **one mark**.
- (iv) Questions from serial number 9 to 20 are **3 marks** questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed **80 words** each.
- (v) Questions from serial number 21 to 26 are **5 marks** questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed **120 words** each.
- (vi) Question number 27 and 28 are map question of **3 marks** each, from History and Geography respectively. After completion, attach the maps inside your answer book.
- (vii) Question number 29 and 30 are from **Open Text themes** and each question is of **5 marks**.

SECTION - A

1	What is the minimum age for voting in India ?	
2	What is meant by coalition government ?	
3	Define the term 'begar'	
4.1	In what ways did the Forest Department permit regulate the movement of the nomads in forest ?	1
OR		
4.2	What created the problem of timber supply for the Royal Navy ?	1
OR		
4.3	How did the Napoleonic Wars affect food grain production ?	1
5	Why does the northern part of India experience severe winter in December and January.	1
6	Which neighbouring country has a higher poverty ratio than India ?	1

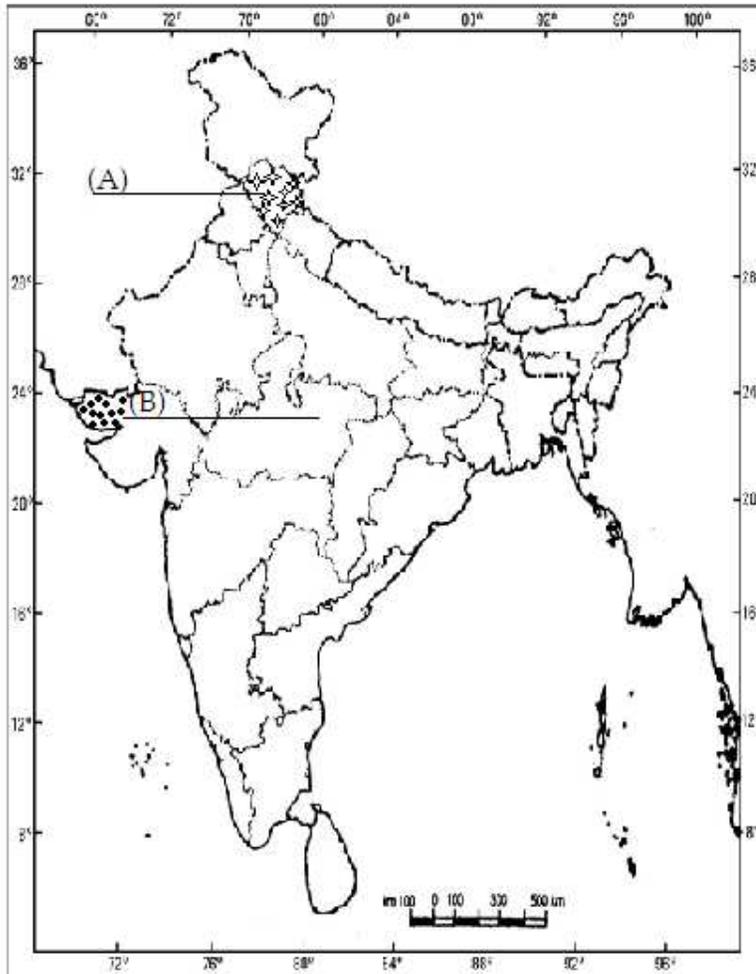
7	Why is the basis of poverty line different in different countries ?	1
8	Who is a poor person according to the World Bank ?	1
9.1	Mention any three early laws of the game of cricket.	3
	OR	
9.2	When did women in England begin agitation for democratic rights ? How did this movement develop ?	3
10.1	How can cricket be called an important part of contemporary life ?	3
	OR	
10.2	As nationalist feelings swept across India by the late 19 th century how did Indians began devising cultural symbols that would express the unity of the nation ? Explain.	3
11.1	Why did colonial government want to rule over a settled population ?	3
	OR	
11.2	Who was Dietrich Brandis ? Why did the British invite him to India ?	3
	OR	
11.3	Mention any three positive results of enclosures on English agriculture.	3
12	"Survival of man is at stake if we do not conserve our rich fauna". Justify the statement.	3
13	"India's natural vegetation has undergone many changes." Justify the statement.	3
14	What are the three major aspects of population that we need to consider ?	3
15	Explain the need of elections in a democracy	3
16	What values are highlighted by the Indian constitution under 'Right against Exploitation' ?	3
17	Who are the Ministers of State? Write any two functions of them?	3
18	Explain the principal measures taken in Punjab, Kerala and West Bengal to reduce poverty.	3
19	Describe the poor people that we come across daily.	3
20	Suggest any three ways to reduce poverty in India.	3
21.1	Write the features of the equipments used in cricket.	5

	OR	
21.2	What changes occurred in women's clothing as a result of the two World Wars ?	5
22.1	Name the cattle reared by the Gujjar Bakkarwalas of Jammu and Kashmir. Describe the reasons for their movement between high mountain and the valley of Kashmir.	5
	OR	
22.2	Describe the origin and spread of the Saminist movement.	5
	OR	
22.3	Explain briefly what the open field system meant to rural people in the eighteenth-century England from the point of view of : (a) A rich farmer, (b) A labourer, (c) A peasant woman.	5
23	Describe natural vegetation and distinguish between flora and fauna.	5
24	Describe the main features of advancing monsoon in India.	5
25	Describe five main functions of the Prime Minister ?	5
26	Highlight the restrictions imposed on various freedoms granted under "Right to freedom".	5
	SECTION - B (OTBA) (* Please ensure that open text of the given theme is supplied with this question paper) Theme : Food Security in India	
29	Write meanings of the following terms- (a) Minimum support price (b) Buffer stock (c) Issue price (d) Fair price shops (e) Food for Work Programme.	5
30	What is buffer Stock? How is it created?	5

27

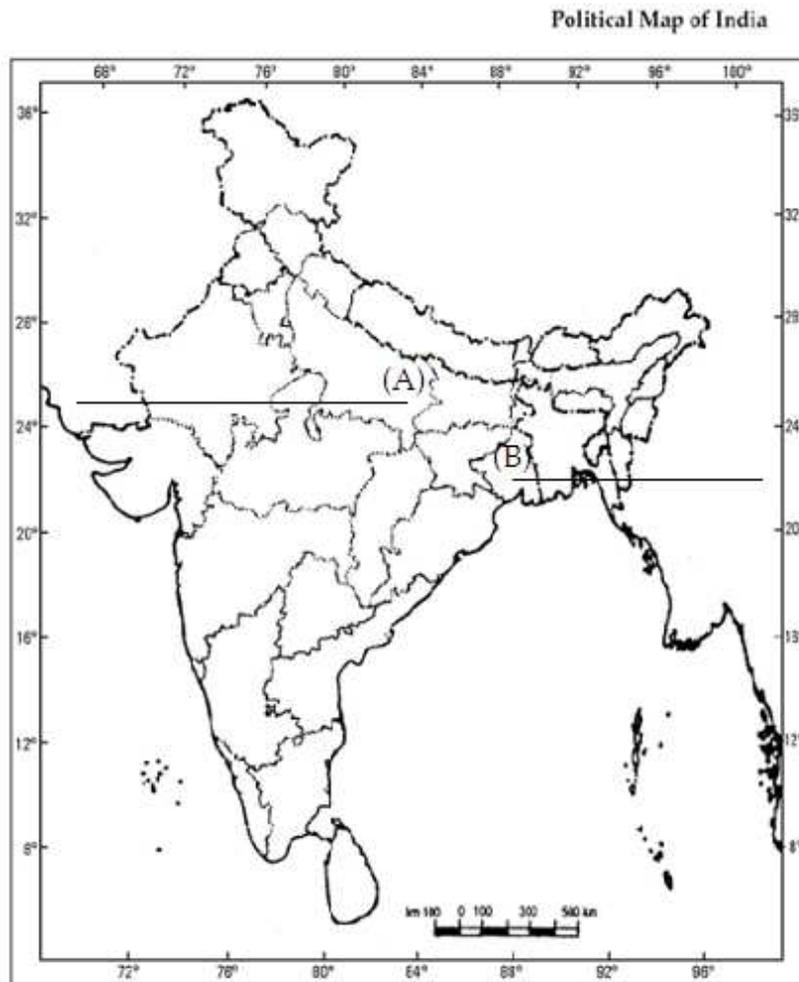
- (a) Two items A and B are shown in the given political outline map of India. Identify these items with the help of following information and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map. 3
- (A) The place related to forest rebellion.
(B) The state related to Siddu and kanu.
- (b) On the same political outline map of India, locate and label the following item with appropriate symbol.
(C) Place related to Karacha community.

Political Map of India



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- (a) Two features (A) and (B) are shown in the political outline map of India. Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map. 3
- (A) Type of natural vegetation.
 - (B) A National Park.
- (b) On the same political outline map of India locate and label the following feature with appropriate symbol.
- (C) The state having the highest density of population.



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