

26/Sept./2017

Set - B

FIRST TERM EXAMINATION (26 SEPT 2017)

MATHEMATICS

Class - IX

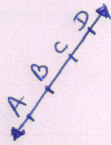
Time Allowed: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 80

SECTION-A

Question numbers 1 to 6 carry one mark each

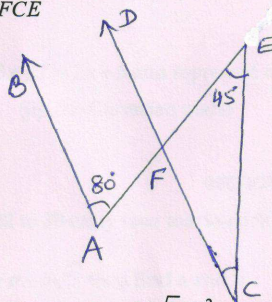
- 1 Write the degree of the given polynomial $x^4 + x + 3$ 1
- 2 Write the point whose ordinate is 7 and which lies on y -axis 1
- 3 If $AC=BD$ then prove that $AB=CD$ 1
- 4 Find two irrational numbers between 3 and 5 1
- 5 Can a triangle have two right angles? Give reason. 1
- 6 In an isosceles triangle, if $\angle A = 100^\circ$ and $AB = AC$, find $\angle B$ and $\angle C$



SECTION-B

Question numbers 7 to 12 carry two marks each.

7. Express $1.3\overline{52}$ in the form of p/q , where p & q are integers and $q \neq 0$. 2
8. If $(x-1)$ is a factor of the polynomial $x^5 - m^2x^3 + 2x + 1$. Then find the value m . 2
9. If $a = 2 - \sqrt{5}$ find $a - \frac{1}{a}$ 2
10. Plot the points $A(2, 5)$, $B(8, 5)$ and $C(5, -3)$ and join AB , BC and CA . What figure do you obtain? 2
11. If $AB \parallel CD$, find $\angle FCE$ 2

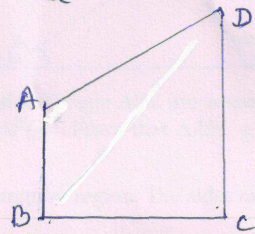
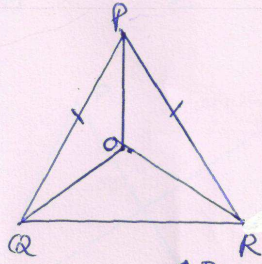


12. If area of an equilateral triangle is $16\sqrt{3}cm^2$. Find the altitude of the triangle. 2

SECTION-C

Question numbers 13 to 21 carry three marks each.

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| 13. | Represent $\sqrt{3}$ on a number line. | 3 |
| 14. | Simplify $\frac{9^{1/3} \times 27^{-1/2}}{3^{1/6} \times 3^{-2/3}}$ | 3 |
| 15. | A (3,6), B (3,2) and C (8, 2) are the vertices of a rectangle. Plot these points on a graph paper and then find the coordinates of the vertex D. | 3 |
| 16. | If a point R lies between two points P and Q such that $PR=QR$, then prove that $PR = \frac{1}{2}PQ$.
Explain by drawing the figure. | 3 |
| 17. | Prove that if a transversal intersects two parallel lines, then angles in each pair of alternate interior angles are equal. | 3 |
| 18. | In an isosceles $\triangle PQR$, in which $PQ=PR$, the bisectors of $\angle Q$ and $\angle R$ meet at O. Show that $QO=RO$ and PO is the bisector of $\angle P$. | 3 |
| 19. | AB and CD are respectively the smallest and longest sides of a quadrilateral ABCD. Show that $\angle A > \angle C$ and $\angle B > \angle D$ | 3 |
| 20. | Find the area of the trapezium whose parallel sides are 55cm, 40cm and non parallel sides are 20cm and 25cm. | 3 |
| 21. | Solve the equation $3x + 2 = 2x + 5$ and represent the solution on
i) the number line (ii) the Cartesian plane | 3 |



SECTION-D

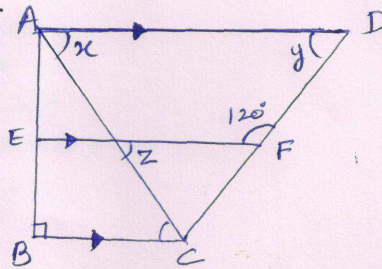
Question numbers 22 to 30 carry four marks each.

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| 22. | If $\frac{7+\sqrt{5}}{7-\sqrt{5}} - \frac{7-\sqrt{5}}{7+\sqrt{5}} = a+b\sqrt{5}$ then find a and b. | 4 |
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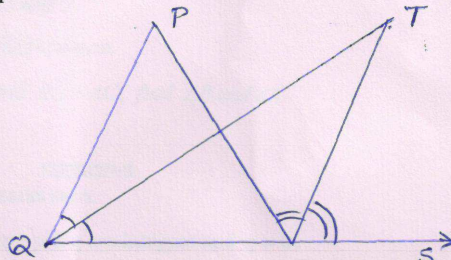
23. a) If $x + y + z = 0$ then prove that $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = 3xyz$ 2+2
 b) Factorise $64x^3 - y^3 + 8z^3 + 24xyz$

24. Factorise $3x^3 - x^2 - 12x + 4$ 4

25. ABCD is a trapezium, $EF \parallel AD$ and $EF \parallel BC$.
 Find x, y, z 4



26. In the given figure, the sides QR of a ΔPQR is produced to point S. If the bisectors of $\angle PQR$ and $\angle PRS$ meet at point T.
 Then prove that $\angle QTR = \frac{1}{2} \angle QPR$ 4



27. Two sides AC and BC and a median AD of a triangle ABC are respectively equal to the two sides PR, QR and a median PL of another ΔPQR . Prove that $\Delta ABC \cong \Delta PQR$. 4

28. A plot of land is in the shape of a right triangular region. The sides are of lengths 8m and 6m. Find the area of this region. 4

29. Factorise: (i) $27a^3 - 343b^3$ (ii) $a^4 - 81$ (2+2)

30. The food charges in a hostel are as follows for the first day the charges are Rs. 100 and for the subsequent days it is Rs. 50 per day taking the number of days as x and total charges as Rs. y . Write a linear equation of this information and draw its graph. 4